

# DEVICE AND METHOD FOR INSTALLING MUNTIN BARS INTO A FRAME

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to a device as defined in the preamble of claim 1 for installing muntin bars and in particular muntin gratings, i.e. a muntin cross, into a frame, i.e. a spacer frame of an insulated glass window. The present invention further relates to a method according to 10 claim 15 making use of said claimed device for automatically screwing or shooting muntin bars and in particular a muntin cross to a frame, i.e. a spacer frame of an insulated glass window.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 An installation of muntin bars and muntin gratings into spacer frames of insulated glass windows has been realized hitherto by means of manually operated mounting tables and platforms, onto which the spacer frames are to be fixed. Then, the muntin bar or the muntin grating is arranged and aligned within the frame by means of optical auxiliary lines 20 or integrated measuring tapes. In the following step, the muntin bars or the muntin grating is manually fixed by using plug bodies made out of plastic material, which are to be arranged between the muntin bar ends or the muntin grating ends, and the inner side of the spacer frame, respectively. A muntin bar is herein plugged onto the plug body or has been 30 plugged in advanced. Fixing of the muntin bars or the muntin gratings to the spacer frame is realized by means of retaining clamps or nails, which are shot through the spacer frame by a pneumatically operated hammer, thereby anchoring the clamps or nails into the plug body. Another solution for 35 fixing has been provided by means of screws. Accordingly, the plug body being provided with an outer flange is to be screwed together with or without a muntin bar at the inner

side of the spacer frame at an appropriate site thereof. The fixing procedure of the muntin bar or the muntin grating must be accomplished on both sides. Afterwards the whole unit is to be turned around which action, by the way, actually has to be performed manually, so that said method is to be repeated for the resting two sides of the spacer frame. In those cases in which it can not be guaranteed that the respective opposing sides of the spacer frame have the same length, the spacer frame including the muntin grating has to be turned around twice, namely one time around its longitudinal axis and one time around its lateral axis.

As a result, this method is very time consuming and expensive.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is thus a primary object of the present invention to provide a method for installing a muntin bar or a muntin grating into a spacer frame of for example an insulated glass window which method is simplified and thus less time consuming and less expensive.

It is another object of the present invention to provide the above method without performing a manual positioning and aligning action.

A still another object of the invention is to provide an above described method according to which failures in positioning and aligning are prevented.

It is further an object of the present invention to provide a method according to the above kind which can be integrated in the manufacturing process of muntin bars or muntin gratings.

In accordance thereto, it is a main object of the present

invention to provide a device incorporating the above mentioned objects respecting the above method.

5 According to the latter main aspect of the invention, there is provided a device comprising a rectangular mounting frame having four frame pieces, which frame is inclined with respect to the vertical plane, and tie-bars movably supported by the frame for fixing and machining spacer frames of  
10 different sizes together with respective muntin bars, i.e. a respective muntin grating, and comprising an apparatus for arranging and fixing said muntin bars or the muntin grating in the spacer frame of for example an insulated glass window.

15 According to a second main aspect, there is provided a method using said device and including the steps of positioning the muntin bar or the muntin grating relative to the spacer frame, providing the muntin bar with a plug to be plugged into an end thereof, so that an ending flange of the plug  
20 abuts against an inner side of the spacer frame, and fixing the plug along with the respective muntin bar mounted thereto to the spacer frame, in that a screw or a shooting clamp is screwed or shot through the hollow space of the spacer frame profile from the outside thereof, which screw or shooting  
25 clamp is provided respectively, by a power screwing device or a pneumatically operated hammer which in turn is movably supported by the spacer frame.

30 In contradiction to a horizontal mounting table known in the art, the invention provides an inclined or angular positioned mounting frame which supports tie-bars aligned in the direction of the x-axis and the y-axis of said table, respectively, wherein at least one of the tie-bars can be moved or adjusted. By means of said arrangement a spacer  
35 frame having especially a rectangular shape can be coincidentally secured at its four corners to a muntin

grating. Herein, all the movements of the required supporting means, clamping means, adjusting means and positioning devices for performing the positioning method can be realized by means of programmed intermittently actuated motors and/or pilot motors.

Due to this aspect the method can be integrated into an electronic controlled production of muntin bars, in which manufacturing process a determination of the dimension of muntins and their sectioning into these portions by means of a saw, as also the positioning process for the drilling device and the mounting process of said prepared muntins are performed by an electronic data processing.

In this way, both the source of errors being well known and caused due to a manual handling can be eliminated as well as the manufacturing time is shortened drastically. Further, by connecting the muntin bars or muntin gratings to the spacer frame by means of screws, the whole system is provided in a more robust manner, wherein the imperviousness of the frame is enhanced, too.

Further, producing a spacer frame provided with muntin bars or muntin gratings by means of the device according to the invention requires less space. Still further, according to the invention, economic advantages are involved.

According to preferred embodiments characterized in the subclaims further beneficial structures can be gained.

The mounting frame can comprise two parallel, especially horizontally arranged fixed frame bodies and two parallel side bodies being arranged rectangular to the two frame bodies and connecting them together. The tie-bars in turn can comprise two upstanding tie-bar bodies which are at least partly movably supported by the frame bodies, and two

transverse tie-bar bodies being rectangular to the upstanding tie-bar bodies and being adjustably supported by the side bodies.

5 The two transverse tie-bar bodies conveniently form an upper and a lower tie-bar, respectively, and are arranged above and beneath to the upstanding tie-bar bodies positioned rectangular thereto which form left hand side and a right hand side tie-bars, respectively.

10 The tie-bars can comprise positioning means and centering means, as for example sliding blocks and fixing devices, which enable a machining process for spacer frames having different sizes as also a machining process of said muntin bars or muntin gratings which are to be arranged within these frames.

15 Further, the tie-bar bodies can comprise a screwing apparatus and/or a pneumatically operated hammer being movably supported by the tie-bar bodies with respect to the spacer frame and the muntin grating. Therewith, the muntin bars or the muntin gratings are fixed to the spacer frame by means of screws, nails or fixing clamps. Both the movement of tie-bar bodies and that one of the sliding blocks and fixing devices  
20 as also that one of the screwing apparatus and/or the pneumatically operated hammer can be conveniently controlled by means of a controlling unit. Said movement is performed with respect to the special size and position of the respective spacer frame to be provided with the muntins, wherein said movement can be performed and controlled  
25 simultaneously or successively.

30 After all, it turned out to be of good use to provide the screwing apparatus or the pneumatically operated hammer as an  
35 independently working and adjustable unit comprising at least a device for screwing or shooting so-called

"Spaxscrews", i. e. self-cutting screws, as also  
a movably carried distance positioning supporting device  
for the muntin bar or the muntin grating to be screwed or  
shot, and

5 a positioning laying-on device for said frame for the  
muntin bars to be able to preposit an end of the muntin  
relative to the inner surface of the spacer frame profile.

10 Further, the distance positioning supporting device can  
cooperate with a gripping jaw for fixedly gripping the muntin  
bar or the muntin grating in a position in which it is to be  
screwed or shot with respect to the spacer frame. Herein, the  
muntin bar or muntin grating is gripped at least during the  
15 screwing or shooting process with respect to the longitudinal  
direction of the tie-bar body.

Other objects and a complete understanding of the invention  
will be given by referring to the following description and  
claims of a preferred embodiment thereof, taken in  
20 conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematically shown perspective view of the  
25 mounting device, and

FIG. 2 is a schematic view showing a detail of the movably  
supported fixing device for positioning and centering the  
screwing apparatus with respect to the spacer frame, used in  
30 the device of FIG. 1 ;

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT OF THE INVENTION

35 As shown in FIG. 1, the device for installing a muntin cross  
13 into a spacer frame 4 of an insulated glass window

comprises a mounting frame **1** being inclined to the vertical plane according to an angle  $\alpha$ . The mounting frame **1** receives movably supported tie-bars **2, 2'; 3, 3'** serving for fixedly holding and machining spacer frames **4** of different sizes together with respective muntin bars or a muntin cross **13** as also for holding means **9, 10, 11, 12** serving for positioning and fixing the muntin bars or muntin cross within the spacer frame **4** of for example an insulated glass window.

It is generally to be noted that the muntin cross characterized by reference numeral **13** is arranged within the hollow space of an insulated glass window consisting of two panes of glass which are separated from one another by the spacer frame **4**. The connection of such a muntin cross is realized such that the muntin is shootingly fixed, wherein normally it is actually screwed to the inner side of the spacer frame **4**. Herein, screws are screwed at predetermined positions through the outer side wall of the frame from the outside thereof by means of devices **3, 10, 11**. The screws thereby are passing through the hollow profile of the frame and do not directly contact the muntin bar of the cross but enter into the plastic plug **34** plugged into the muntin bar at the end thereof. Thus, the plug is widened due to the entering action of the screw leading to the fact that the plug is fixed against the inner wall of hollow profile of the muntin bar.

As schematically shown in FIG. 2 each reference numeral **9, 10, 11** and **12** characterizes respectively devices which are referred to so-called fixing and mounting devices, respectively, comprising

- a positioning laying-on device **16** for said frame,
- a gripping jaw device **17** for gripping the muntin bar or the muntin cross **13** to be installed into the spacer frame **4**,
- a screwing device **22** adjustable both in its vertical and

lateral direction, which screwing device is generally characterized in FIG. 2 by reference numeral 14, wherein the head 32 of which can be aligned relative to the outside of the spacer frame 4 gripped and held down for screwing the muntin bar or the muntin cross 13 to the inner side of the frame 4,

- and a distance positioning supporting and holding device 15 movably supported onto or above the spacer frame 4 as shown by arrow H, wherein the spacer frame 4 is gripped between the distance positioning supporting and holding device 15 and the positioning laying-on device 16 for said frame connected with one of the tie-bars 3, 3'.

A gripping jaw device 17 gripping the muntin cross is used to ensure an exact positioning and gripping of the muntin bar or the muntin cross 13, which gripping jaw device is held movably in the directions, shown by arrow L, by means of a hydraulic or pneumatic plunger 30. Said plunger 30 is connected to a claw unit 27 which in turn comprises a sensor pin 29 being movable relative to the distance positioning supporting and holding device 15, so that the upper surface of the spacer frame 4 can be scanned. On the other hand, the claw unit 27 can be moved relative to the tie-bars 3, 3' of the mounting frame 1 and a sensor pin 28 fixed thereto. Possible moving directions of the claw unit 27 are shown by arrows K and J. For the purpose of centering, the claw unit 27 is connected to the screwing apparatus 22 shown by dotted line 31 in FIG. 2.

The devices 9, 10, 11, 12 being identical or especially identically structured cooperate with the distancing laying-on devices 16 of the mounting frame 1 which are fixedly connected to the tie-bars 3, 3' belonging to the mounting frame 1 and are movably supported thereon, as shown in FIG. 2. The positioning laying-on devices 16 are carrying a spacer



frame **4** of an insulated glass window still to be manufactured, into which spacer frame a muntin cross **13** is to be fixed at the inner side thereof.

5     Fixing of the spacer frame to the muntin cross **13** is realized by means of screwing apparatuses **22** being part of the controlled fixing and mounting devices **9, 10, 11, 12** which are adjustably supported with respect to their vertical and lateral directions, respectively, by being mounted onto a bearing block **24** which in turn can be moved along the longitudinal direction of the tie-bars of the mounting frame. Thus, these units including a head **32** can be aligned relatively to the outside of the spacer frame **4** gripped and held down, so that the muntin bar of the muntin cross **13** can be screwed to said frame.

10     As for performing the above process, the screwing apparatus **22** is connected to a guiding rail **26** by being movably supported to a plate **23**. Said plate can be vertically adjusted along the longitudinal direction of the guiding rail, wherein the screwing apparatus is supported such that it can be moved both in the longitudinal and transversal direction. Moving the screwing apparatus in the longitudinal direction is denoted by arrow **F** corresponding to the movement of the screw **33** shown at the head **32** and denoted by arrow **G**.

15     As can be seen in FIG. 1, the mounting frame **1** comprises two parallel, especially horizontally arranged fixed frame bodies **5, 6** and two parallel side bodies **7, 8** arranged rectangularly to the two frame bodies and connecting them together. The tie-bars **2, 2'; 3, 3'** in turn comprise two upstanding tie-bar bodies **2, 2'** which are supported by the frame bodies **5, 6**, and two transverse tie-bar bodies **3, 3'** being rectangular to the upstanding tie-bar bodies and being supported by the side bodies **7, 8**. At least one of the upstanding tie-bar bodies **2,**

2' is movably supported by the horizontal frame bodies 5, 6 and at least one of the transverse tie-bar bodies 3, 3' is movably supported by the side bodies 7, 8 arranged vertically or inclined to the vertical plane including the angle  $\alpha$ . In this way, by adjusting the respective tie-bar bodies, it is possible to handle spacer frames 4 having an arbitrary frame size and to adjust and position the devices 9, 10, 11, 12 at their respective sites of the spacer frame concerning the fixing points of the muntin cross 13 in accordance with the directions denoted by arrows A and B.

As can be seen, the mounting frame 1 is arranged on a basis frame 18, provided with at least one frame stretcher 20, 20' pivotally connected to the basis frame, so that the mounting frame can be adjusted with respect to its angle of inclination  $\alpha$ . The basis frame comprises footings 21 which can be adjusted to arrange the basis frame in a desired level. As this is denoted by arrow E, the mounting frame 1 can be pivoted in the vertical plane above the horizontal plane by means of articulation joints 19 provided at the junctions of the mounting frame with the basis frame.

The fixing and mounting devices 9, 10, 11, 12 which are so-called slidably supported clamp devices are program-controlled and work automatically, wherein each single movement is triggered and guided by means of intermittently actuated motors and pilot motors or other pneumatically or electrically operated devices which are known in the art. This is carried out such that all movements of the screwing apparatus 22, the distance positioning supporting device 15, the gripping jaw device 17, the claw unit 27 as well as the positioning laying-on device 16 for the frame 4 connected to the tie-bars of the mounting frame 1 are each networked with one another. Thus it is guaranteed that the spacer frame 4 and the muntin bars or the muntin grating 13 to be installed

therein can be arranged into a desired screwing position before carrying out the screwing process, wherein these elements can be fixedly held until this process is terminated. All the movements of the several devices, i.e. the fixing and mounting devices **9, 10, 11, 12** can be automatically carried out simultaneously or successively according the chosen treatment program.

With respect to the second main aspect of the invention, a mounting method is provided in correspondence to the above device for installing muntin bars or muntin gratings into a frame, i.e. a spacer frame of an insulated glass window. According to the invention this method comprises the steps of positioning a spacer frame of desired size onto the tie-bars of the mounting frame and

fixing a plastic terminal plug within the ends of the muntin bars, i.e. the muntin grating ends, respectively, so that an end flange of the plugs abuts against the inner side of the spacer frame, and

fixing said plugs, i.e. the muntins or the muntin cross or grating fixed thereto at determined positions to the spacer frame profile.

The last step is accomplished by screwing or shooting screws or shooting clamps through the hollow profile of the spacer frame from the outside thereof, respectively, which screws or shooting clamps are provided by means of a screwing apparatus or a shooting device being movably supported relative to the spacer frame.

It is further provided that the screwing apparatus or the shooting device **14** is program-controlled and is thus automatically moved into its correct position relative to the spacer frame, wherein the muntins, muntin bars or the muntin cross are centered and fixed at the spacer frame by means of gripping jaw devices. These gripping jaw devices were adjusted according to the directions shown by arrow **L**, as

5 this is to be seen by number 30 in FIG. 2, by means of hydraulic or pneumatic plungers. The plungers are functionally connected with claw units 27 which scan the surface of the spacer frame 4 carried by its positioning  
10 laying-on device 16 in relation to its position to the screwing apparatus or the shooting device 14. Since each scanning movement of a claw unit is coordinated with the movement of the tie-bars, onto which the screwing apparatus or the shooting device is arranged, a precise finding of the working site at the spacer frame is ensured. Further, by means of an automatically operated screw-providing unit, as characterized by the curved tube 25, in Fig. 2 it is ensured that in fact a screw 33 is positioned at the head of the screwing apparatus 22 when starting the screwing action.

15 By using a precise guiding system including an electronic scanning system, the positions of the single parts are continuously controlled and compared with one another, so that a possibly misalignment is immediately corrected. By  
20 employing special torque clutches and electronic sensors both the screwing actions and the screwing depth are controlled, wherein faulty screws are automatically recognized and separated. In this context, magnetic tape systems are employed which guarantee for a required reproduction  
25 precision in the range of 1/10 mm and which are controlled by the executive program.

30 As for the essential advantages of the device and the method according to the invention all errors created by human influence are eliminated leading to a remarkable reduction in complaint costs as also to a reduction of the mounting duration of previously two minutes in average up to now 15 to 20 seconds per muntin grating.

35 Further, due to the provision of screwing junctions the stability of the system is essentially improved leading to

relevant benefits with respect to handling of the spacer frames and the imperviousness of them. Still further, the almost vertical working plane is adapted to the manufacturing process of insulated glass windows. In this respect, the space required for such a mounting device is drastically reduced, wherein ergonomonomical benefits are involved which exclude previously known healthy impairments of working people.